

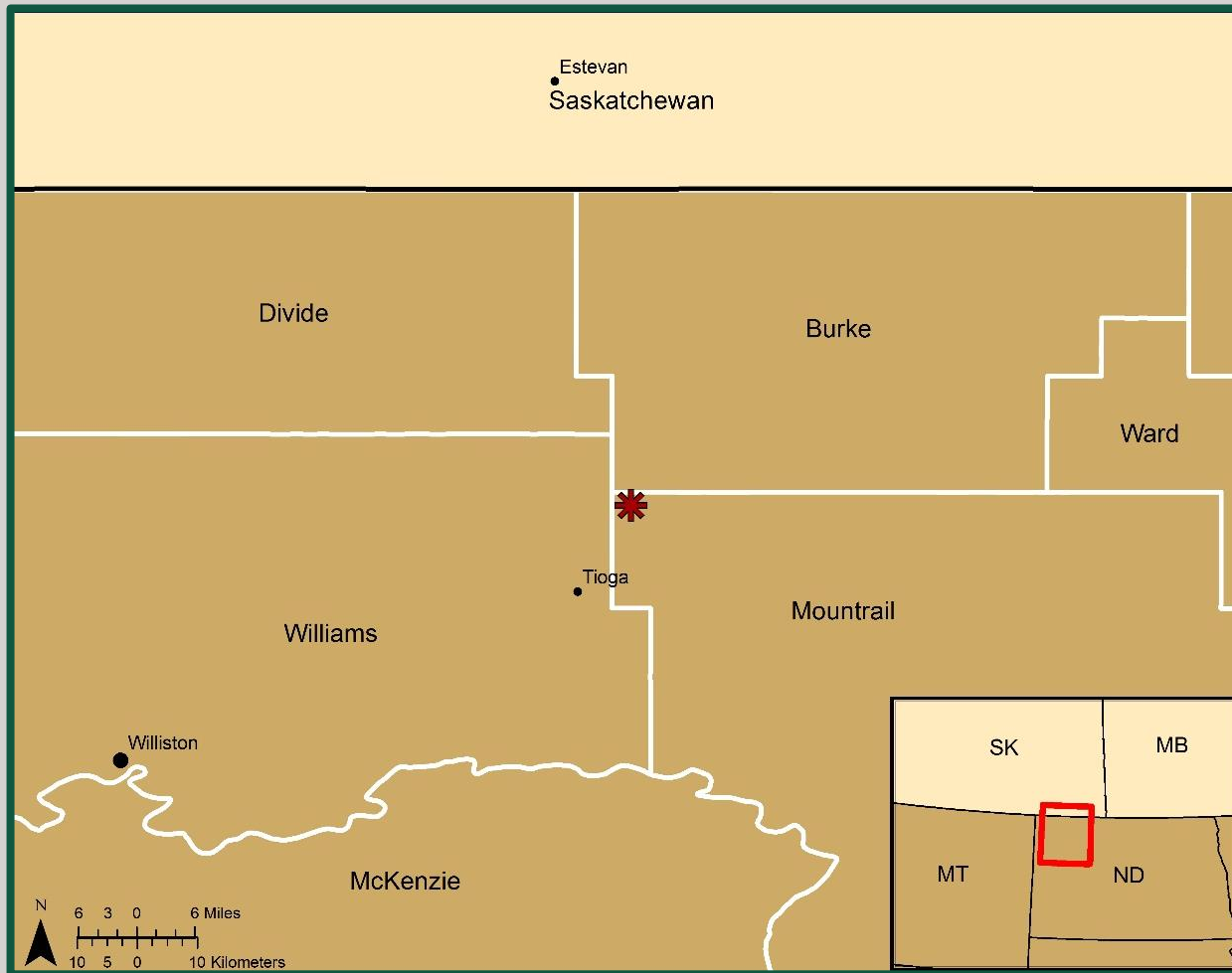
# Remediation of a crude oil spill using thermal desorption: agronomic implications

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# 2013 Oil spill



8.5 mm diameter hole released 21,000 barrels



Equivalent of 30 rail tankers



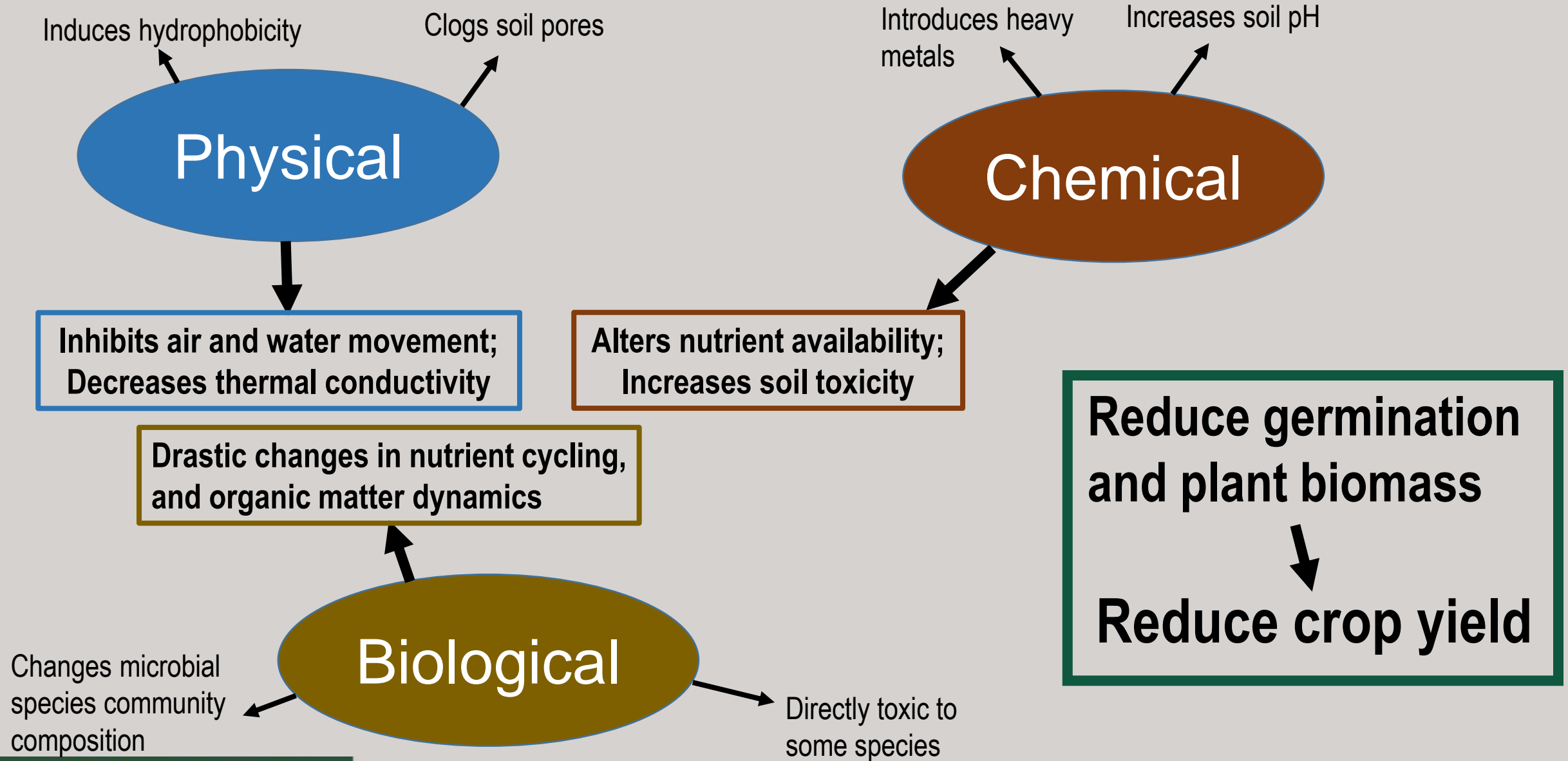


# Spill site – October 2013



Vern Whitten Photography

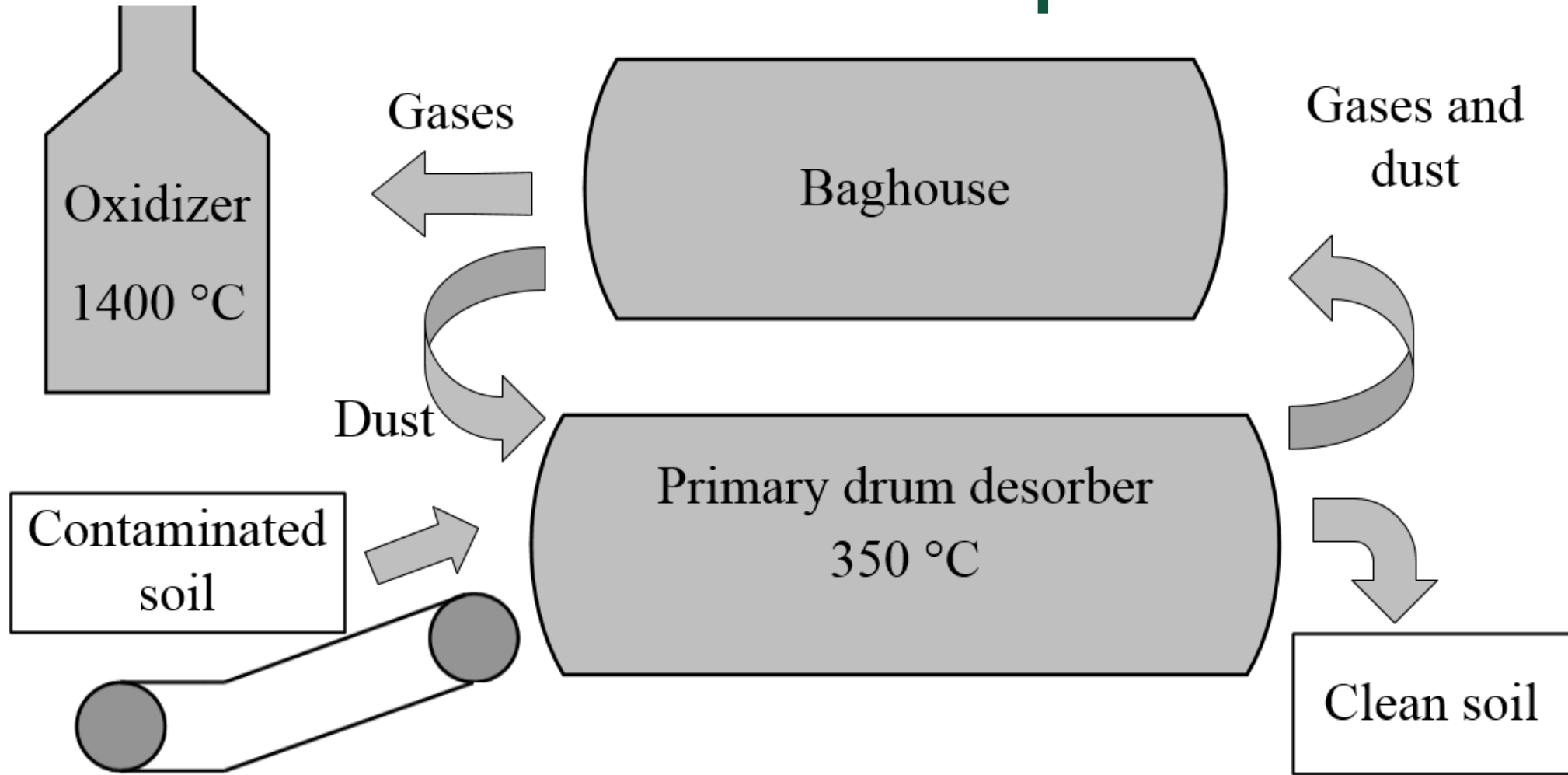
# Impacts of crude oil pollution on soil health



# Remediation technique



## *Ex situ* thermal desorption





# Thermal desorption process













# Remediation goals



- 1) Reduce total petroleum hydrocarbons to  $< 500 \text{ mg kg}^{-1}$
- 2) Return the land to pre-spill levels of agricultural productivity



# Can we use TD soils for cropland production?



## Laboratory analyses

Characterize the effect of TD on soil properties

Greenhouse experiments

Experimental field plots

Investigate plant response to TD soils

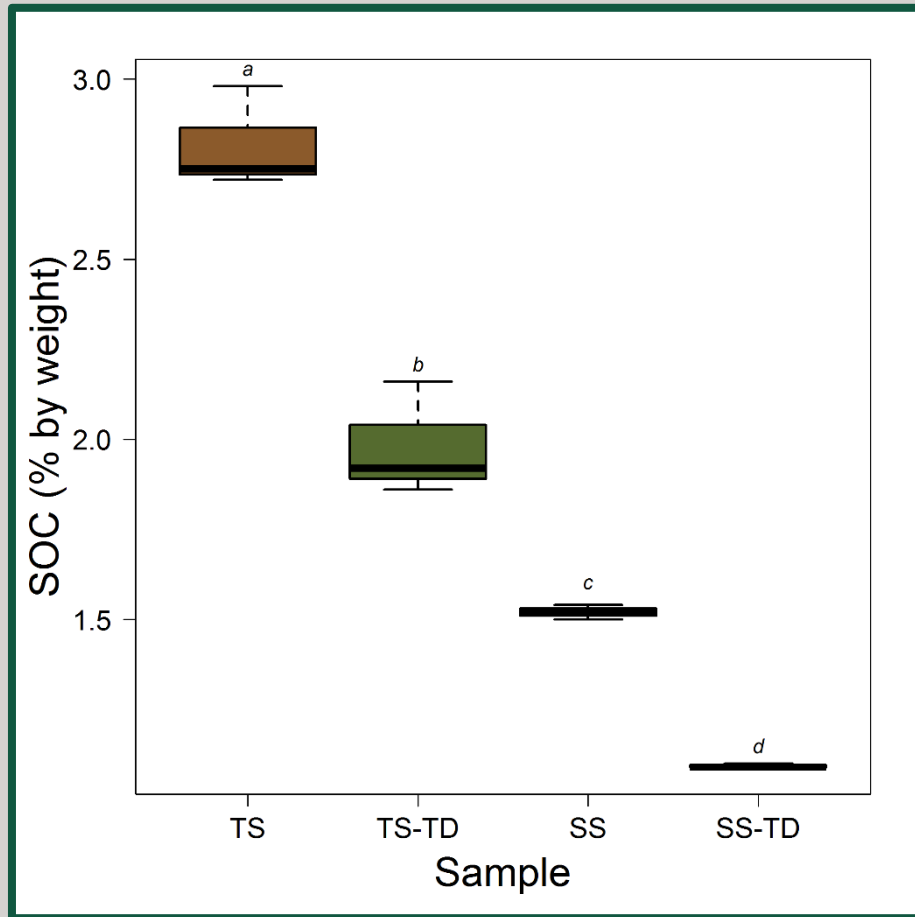
Identify strategies to increase the productivity of TD soils in agricultural settings



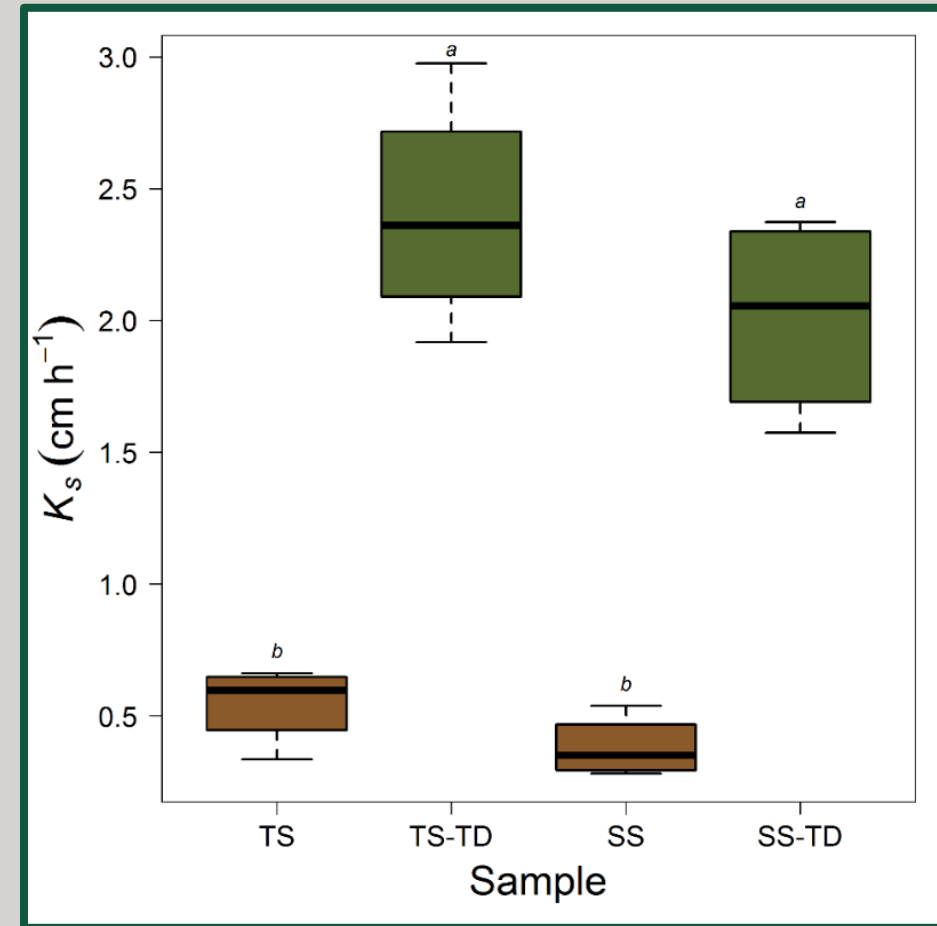
# Laboratory analyses



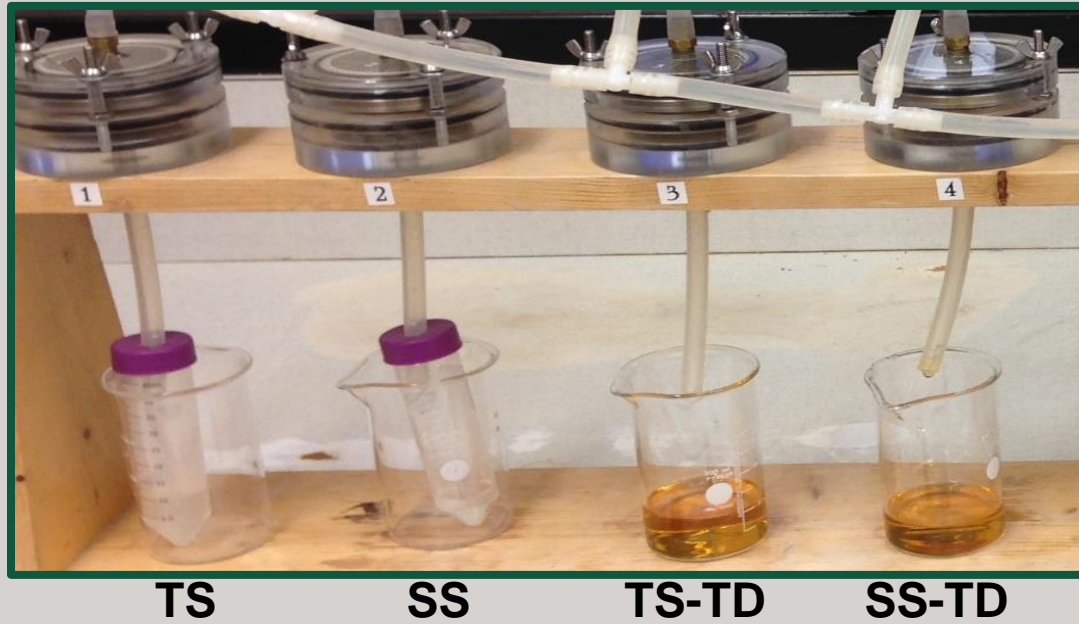
## Soil organic carbon



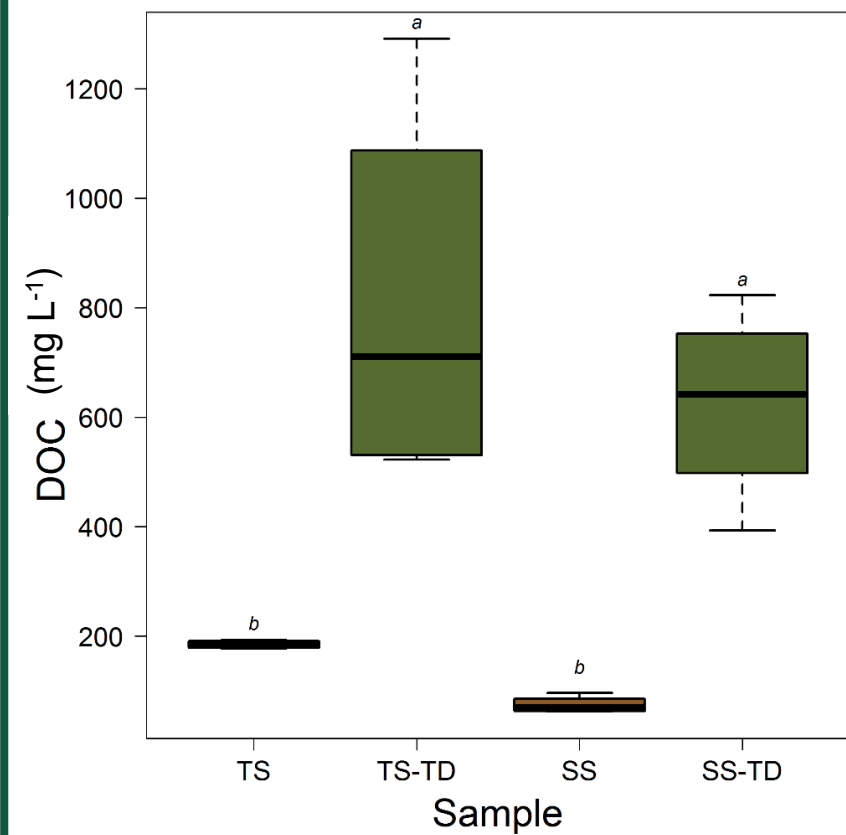
## Saturated hydraulic conductivity



# Laboratory analyses



## Dissolved organic carbon







# Laboratory analyses

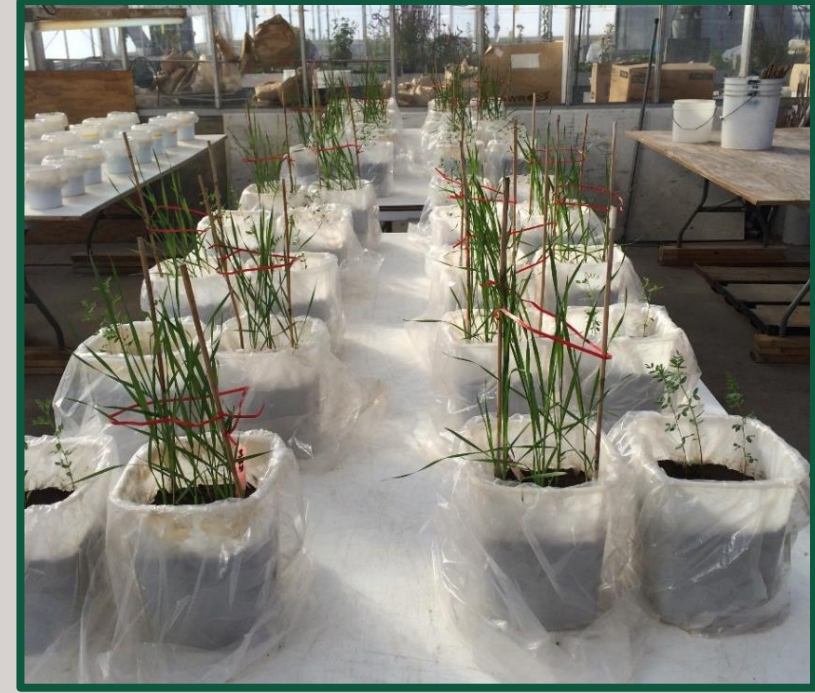
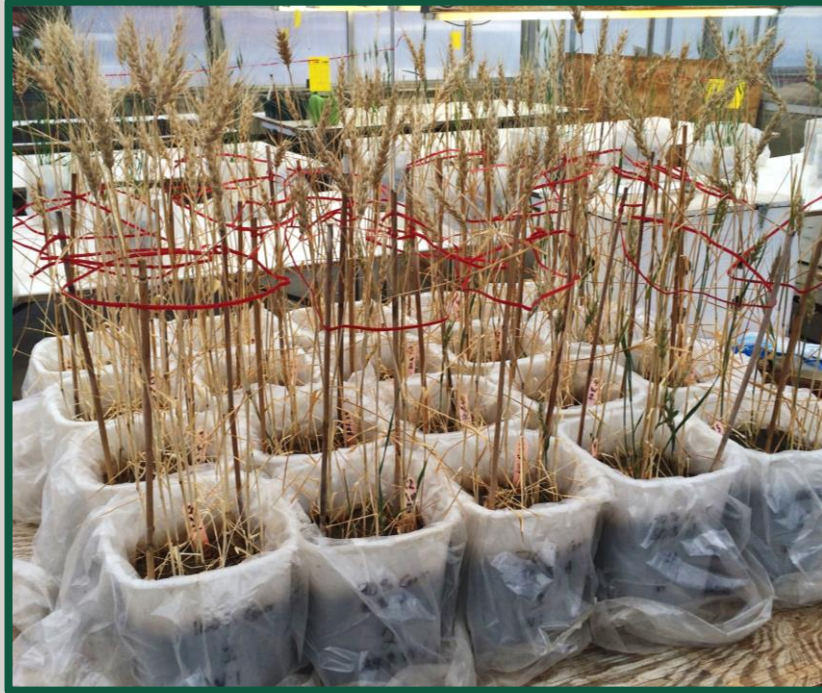
## Plant available nutrients

	TS	TS-TD	SS	SS-TD
	<i>(mg kg<sup>-1</sup>)</i>			
NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	22	1	2.5	1
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	16.3	79.9	12.3	60.3
P (Olsen)	14	65	5	47
K	262	301	164	218

## Chemical parameters

	TS	TS-TD	SS	SS-TD
pH	7.7	7.9	8.0	8.2
EC ( <i>dS m<sup>-1</sup></i> )	0.39	0.92	0.25	0.89
CEC ( <i>cmol kg<sup>-1</sup></i> )	13.8	11.5	11.9	10.7

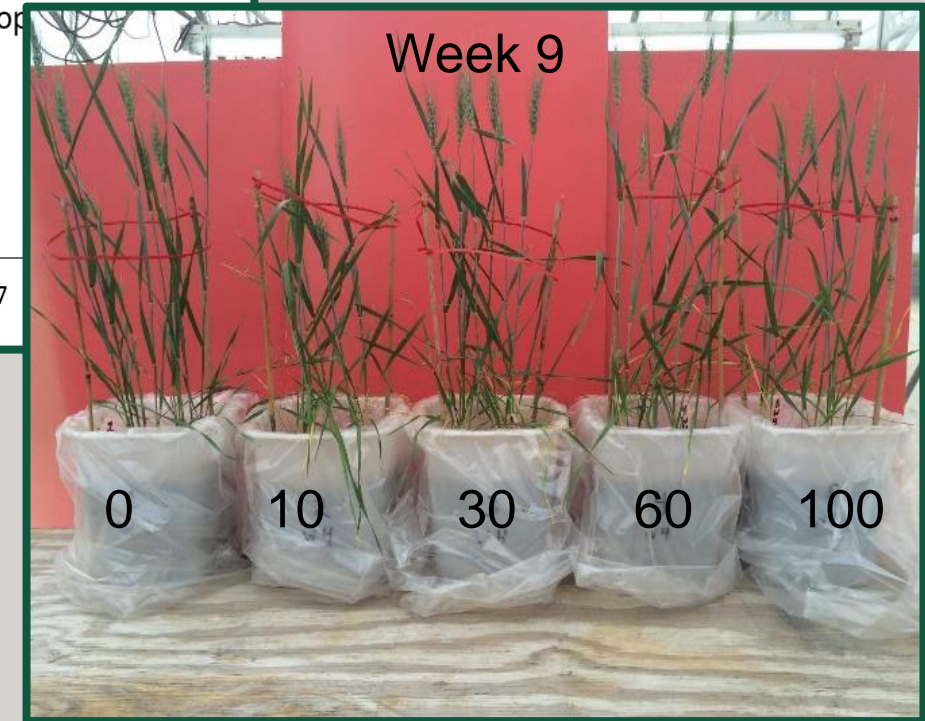
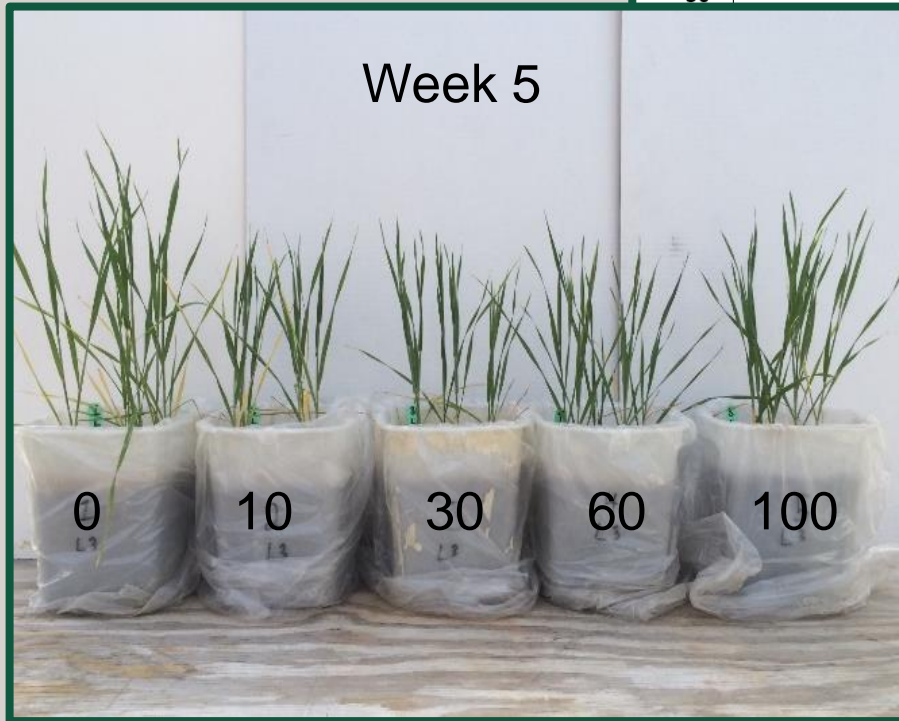
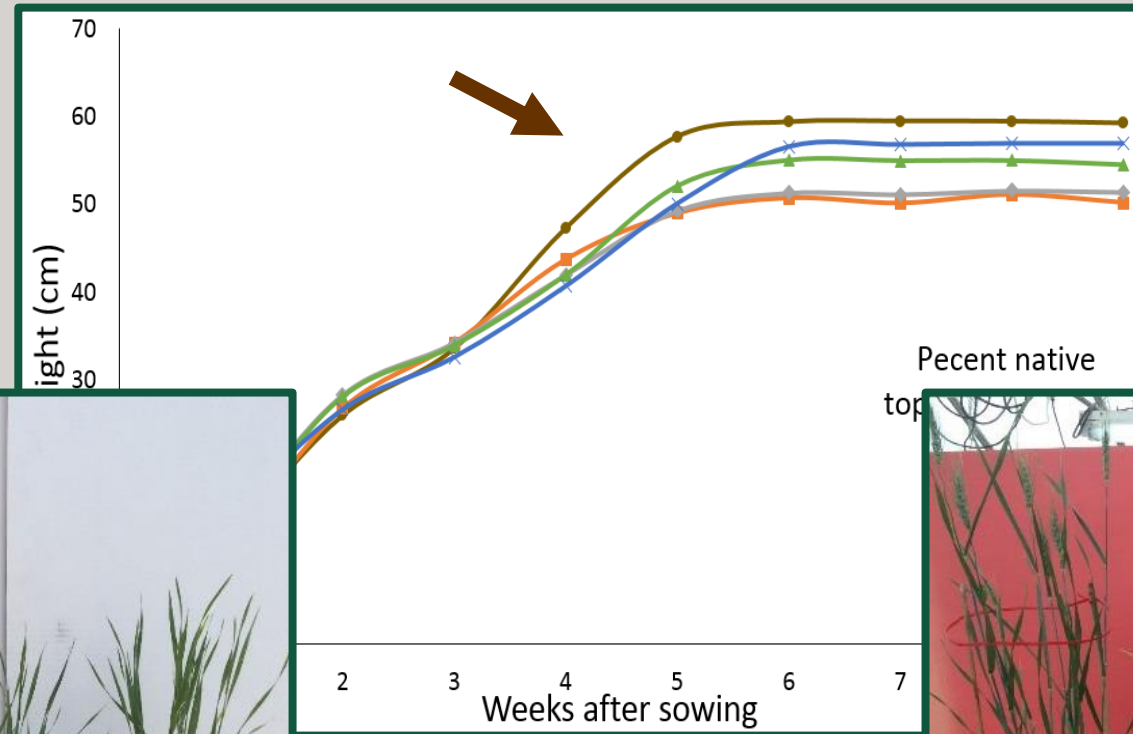
# Greenhouse experiments



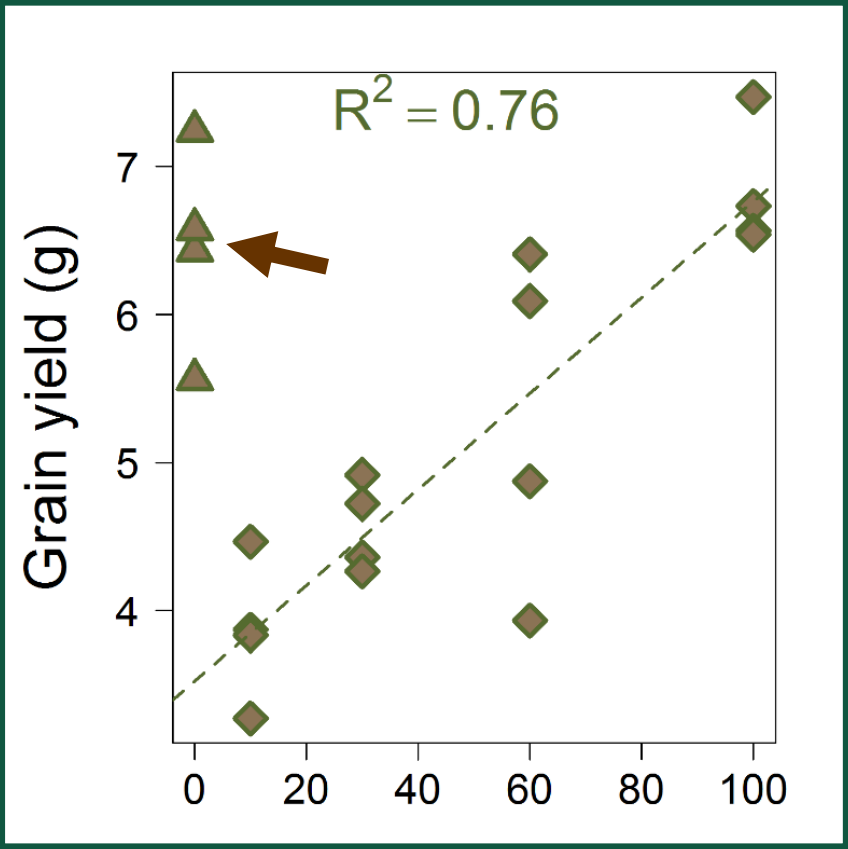
Treatment	TD treated soil	Native topsoil
A	100	0
B	90	10
C	70	30
D	40	60
E	0	100



# Greenhouse experiments



# Greenhouse experiments



% Topsoil	0	10	30	60	100
Grain protein content (%)					
	13.98	19.35	18.50	18.22	18.01



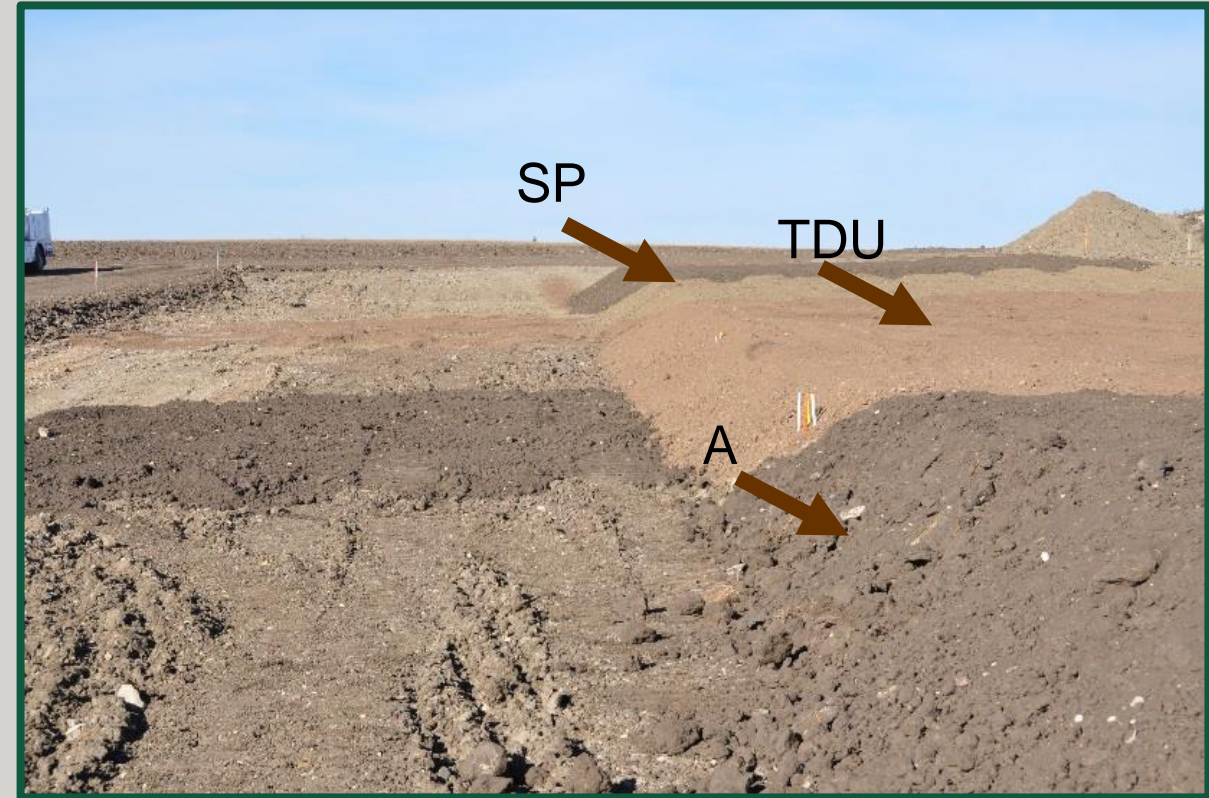
# Experimental field plots



A: native, non-contaminated  
topsoil  
(TPH < 50 mg kg<sup>-1</sup>)

TDU: contaminated soil that  
has been treated by TDU  
(TPH approx. 500 mg kg<sup>-1</sup>)

SP: contaminated soil that has  
been excavated and stockpiled,  
but not yet treated  
(TPH approx. 1400 mg kg<sup>-1</sup>)





# Experimental field plots





# Conclusions



- 1) TD treatment does alter some parameters related to soil health, notably a reduction in SOC and changes in water balances
- 2) Values of TD treated soils in these parameters is within range of many other soils used for agriculture
- 3) TD soils can sustain healthy crops throughout the life cycle of the plant
- 4) Adding organic amendments and customizing a fertilizer regime may offset some effects of TD treatment



# Acknowledgements



- Steve and Patty Jensen
- Nelson Environmental Remediation, Ltd.
- Tesoro Logistics
- Antea Group MN
- QualiTech Environmental
- Haley & Aldrich, Inc.





# Thank you



Photo courtesy of Patty Jensen